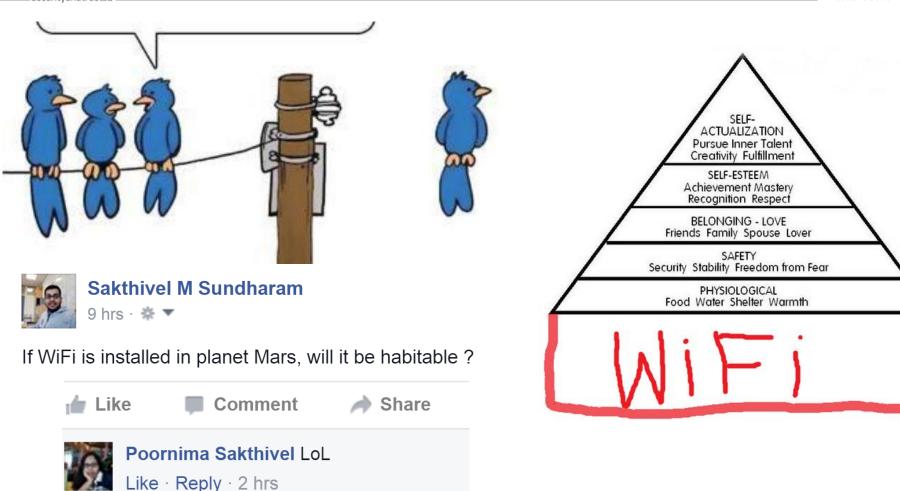
When we say the word "Air",



11 out of 10 people think it purposes Wi-Fi

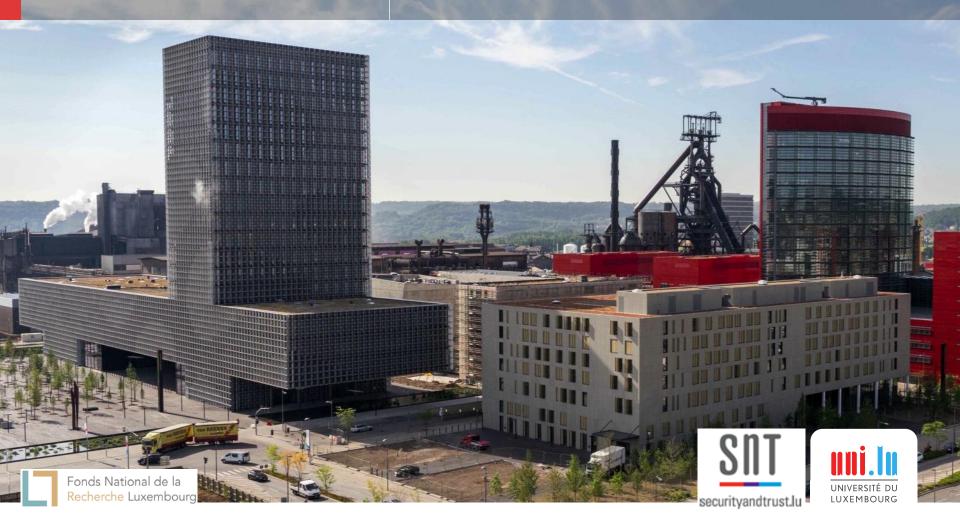




In 21st Century, we are more concerned about free Wi-Fi, than free Air

Sakthivel Manikandan SUNDHARAM Arun ANNAIYAN Jan Eric DENTLER

Eye in the sky – Solution to observe air pollution





What's happening in Sky



Around 90% of city residents in European Union (EU) are exposed to





Headache and anxiety (SO₂)
Impacts on the central nervous system (PM)

Irritation of eyes, nose and throat
Breathing problems (O₃, PM, NO₂, SO₂, BaP)

Cardiovascular diseases (PM, O₃, SO₂)

Impacts on the respiratory system:
Irritation, inflammation and infections
Asthma and reduced lung function
Chronic obstructive pulmonary
disease (PM) Lung cancer (PM, BaP)

Impacts on liver, spleen and blood (NO₂)

Impacts on the reproductive
system (PM)

- Primary air pollutants Particulate Matter, COx, NOx, SOx
- Secondary air pollutants Ozone (O₃)
- Sources : Automobiles, Industry, Power plants etc.
- *European Environment Agency : http://www.eea.europa.eu/

Existing approach





EU nations installed interactive monitoring system for air pollution*example



Measuring stations to capture pollutant level

Using static dust collector and sensor network

- For vehicles annual emission certificates to comply Euro6 norms
- Rolling-road dynamometer test for New European Driving Cycle (NEDC)
- * http://www.environnement.public.lu/air_bruit/dossiers/PA-reseaux_mesure_air/

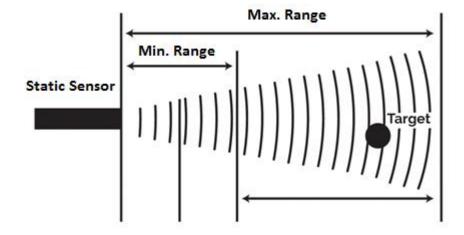




Challenges in existing approach



Number of measuring stations are inadequate due to cost



- Difficult to cover complete geography of interest
- Range of static sensors sensing is limited, accuracy restricted
- Period emission checks not sufficient for air pollution caused by vehicles
- Emission data is just the result of date of test of automobiles
- Temporary pollution increase factors



Our Integrated approach



Low cost Drones interfacing with smart system

Smart system : embedded controllers with sensors to measure pollutant gases

System engineering - CPAL environment

- Cyber Physical Action Language (CPAL)
- Design, simulation and optimization
- Gas sensors: Light weight sensors to sense COx, NOx, Sox
- Android application to monitor real time data

SNT

System Engineering



- CPAL is for automotive and aerospace system → software development
- Model Driven Engineering(MDE) for real world problems
- Brainchild of LASSY lab of Uni.lu
- The language CPAL is to model, simulate, develop and verify real world embedded problems
- Industry use cases demonstrated in the past →
- Details : https://www.designcps.com/about-us/



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Smart Drones







- Automation and Robotics Laboratory:
- Drones can reach the places and altitude where humans can not
- In drone, there is enough room to mount all kinds of sensors, capable to carry pay loads
- Example, Infra Red(IR), Thermal sensor, LIDAR are already interfaced
- Highly stable and controlling approaches are simple to use
- Easy to adapt according to the user need
- http://wwwen.uni.lu/snt/research/automation_robotics_research_group /projects/isruav



Summary and Conclusion



- EU cities are fighting against air pollution
- Government is super concern in bringing social and economic activities to keep air pollution under control
- Global warming and it's consequences are alarming
- In this project supplement to existing methods, we propose an integrated solution
- Smart drones with efficient sensors(well system engineered)to monitor complete realistic data
- We have proved practically both system engineering and drone control in our experiments